### State Water Resources Control Board Emergency Regulations – May 2015

- Implements Governor's April 1 Executive Order mandating 25% statewide reduction in overall potable urban water use
  - Urban Water Suppliers placed in tiers ranging from 4% to 36% reduction requirements: Napa must reduce by 20%

American Canyon must reduce by 16% for June 2015 – February 2016 (compared to same months in 2013)

 Small Water Suppliers (Yountville, St. Helena, Calistoga) must: Limit irrigation to no more than 2 days per week or 25% conservation standard (vs. 2013)

#### Commercial, Industrial, Institutional Properties

CII properties not served by a water supplier (or are self-supplied, such as by a groundwater well) also must either reduce water use by 25 percent or restrict outdoor irrigation to no more than two days per week. No reporting is required but these properties must maintain documentation of their water use and practices.

# Some prohibitions apply to all Californians, including unincorporated rural areas

#### Prohibited for Everyone

- Using potable water to wash sidewalks & driveways
- Runoff when irrigating with potable water
  - Using hoses with no shutoff nozzles to wash cars
    - Using potable water in decorative water features that do not recirculate the water
      - Using outdoor irrigation during & 48 hours following measurable precipitation
        - Using potable water to irrigate ornamental turf on public street medians
          - Using portable water to irrigate landscapes of new homes & buildings inconsistent with CBSC & DHCD requirements

#### **Required for Water Suppliers**

- Achieve designated conservation standard (4%-36%)
- Notify customers about leaks that are within the customer's control
- Report on water use, compliance & enforcement

#### **Required for Business**

- · Restaurants and other food service establishments can only serve water to customers on request
- Hotels and Motels must provide guests with the option of not having towels & linens laundered daily

#### Emergency

#### Conservation

Regulation

# **Emergency Drought Regulations**

## Water Waste Prohibitions for Napa water customers:



Do not irrigate lawns and landscapes on consecutive days, except for the initial watering of new plantings



Do not use water to wash driveways or sidewalks, except to address an immediate health and safety need



Do not irrigate between the hours of 10 am and 5 pm, except for the initial watering of new plantings



Do not wash vehicles with a hose, unless hose is equipped with a shutoff nozzle



Do not irrigate during rain and within 48 hours after measurable rainfall



Do not use water in decorative fountains, unless the water is recirculated



Do not overwater lawns and gardens to the point of excessive flowing runoff



Do not drain and refill swimming pools, unless needed for repair purposes

#### **Other Prohibitions and Limitations:**

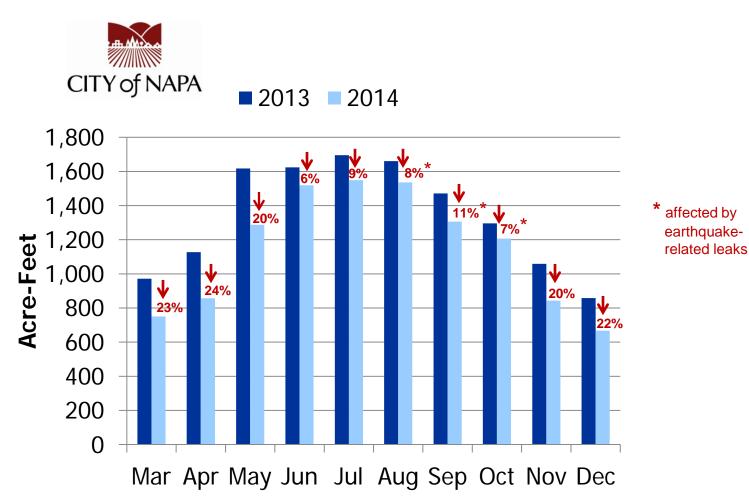
- No potable water irrigation of ornamental turf on public street  $\triangleright$ medians
- Restaurants refrain from serving water to patrons unless  $\succ$ specifically requested
- Hotels, motels and commercial lodging establishments provide option of not laundering towels and linens daily

Napa, American Canyon – Monthly reports to State Water Board include water waste enforcement statistics





Keep Up the Good Work!

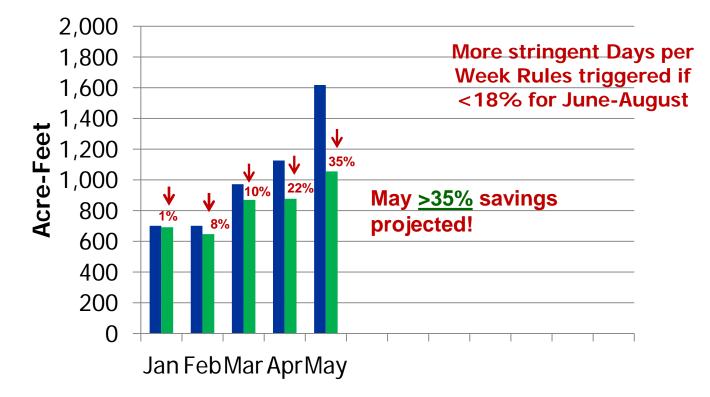


CY 2014: Lowest annual water use since 1995 !



## City of Napa Drought Response Water Use 2015 vs. Base Year 2013

2013 2015



### State-Mandated Target 20% (June 2015-Feb 2016)

# Emphasis on Lawns: Drought Survival

- Aeration!
- Irrigation System Tune-Up
- One or Two Deep Irrigations per Week (Cycle/Soak)
  e.g., Run for 5 minutes at 4 am, 6 am, 8 am
  instead of 15 minutes at 8 am
- Don't Fertilize!
- Mow higher (3") and keep mower blades sharp Taller grass shades the soil, promotes deeper roots
- Minimize foot traffic
- Be willing to accept a less than lush lawn!



Visual signs of drought stress in turf:

OK

OK

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The color of the turf will start take on a blue/grey cast, leaving your blade beight higher than normal can also belp to reduce stress.

> Expect the overall appearance and color of your turf to look similar to this...

• 0

0

OK

NOT OKI

TWWELL TRUE TO

Most lawn species can survive on 30% to 50% of reference evapotranspiration (eg. If reference ET is 2" per week, apply 0.6" to 1" of water.)

> Keeping your lawn from reaching <u>this</u> <u>drought stage</u> is critical to ensure replacement is not necessary when conditions improve.

#### WHAT DOES A 20% REDUCTION in water use look like?

#### OUTDOOR WATER USE

The average Californian uses 196 gallons of water per day and 30-60% of their water outdoors. Here are some easy outdoor tips to reduce water use. Find the right combination for you to reduce by 20% or 38 gallons a day.

ADJUST SPRINKLER TO WATER

PLANTS, NOT DRIVEWAY

**12-15 GALLONS** 

saves







each time you water





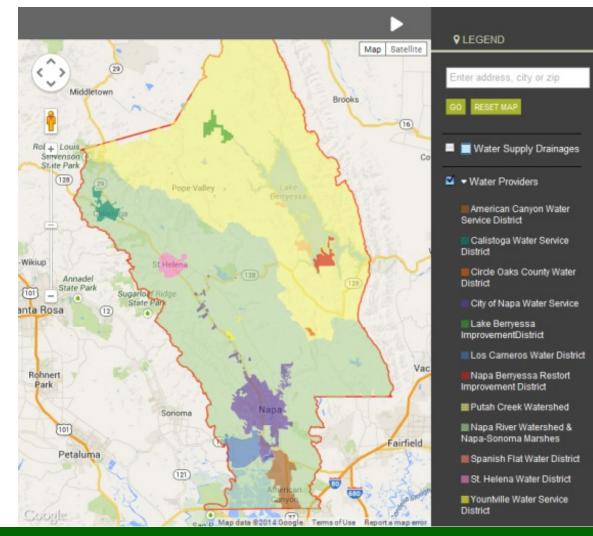
PLANT DROUGHT-RESISTANT TREES AND PLANTS saves 30-60 GALLONS per 1,000 sq. ft. each time



FOLLOW US



## **Napa Countywide Conservation Map**



### http://www.napawatersheds.org/waterconservation

# Napa Countywide Conservation



## **Billboards?**

TO DO List: ☑ Turn sprinklers off ☑ Mulch around trees □ Fix leaky toilet A, California Visit 2 KEEP SAVING 💧 CA Save Our Water saveourwater.com



Help Napa Save 20%!